

## Summary

The research role of the League of Arab States in Iraq's political after 2003 and the relationship between them, especially after the change experienced by the Iraqi political system (the regime of Saddam Hussein) and the occurrence of Iraq under the U.S. occupation, and created by change and occupation of the results and repercussions impacted heavily on the type of relationship between University Arab countries, Iraq and reflected the attitudes and reactions.

The research was divided into four chapters and eight Investigation and sixteen requirement, where each chapter contains two sections Oml Study of the central demands.

The first chapter, entitled "the Arab League and Iraq from incorporation until 2003", and devoted first section of this chapter for the establishment of the university and its formations, where he addressed the first demand from the establishment of the Arab League, eat second requirement most important formations League of Arab States.

The second section has titled "Iraq and the Arab League", where he was the first requirement is to Iraq's role in the process of incorporation, and the second requirement was the role of the Arab League in the most important Iraqi issues such as changing the government in Iraq in 1958, and the first Gulf War and the second Gulf War.

The second chapter of the study came titled "The position of the Arab League of the process of changing the political system in Iraq after 2003," was divided into two sections the first of which dealt with "the position of the Arab League of the U.S. occupation of Iraq in 2003," and the second requirement eating attitude University Arab states of the U.S. role in Iraq after April 2003, while the second section came titled "The

positions of the Arab League of the new political system after 2003," and came Bmtlpin first one dealt with the position of the Arab League of the Interim Governing Council and Iraqi governments temporary and permanent and eating second requirement positions of the League of Arab States of the Iraqi elections and the constitution and de-Baathification.

The third chapter titled "The position of the Arab League of the Iraqi political system after the New elections" and was Bembgesan first one titled "The position of the Arab League of the democratic experiment in Iraq" This was Section Bmtlpin first two positions of Arab States of the democratic experiment in Iraq, and came second titled position of the League of Arab States of the democratic experiment in Iraq.

The second part, titled "The position of Arab League Vqdtk national reconciliation and terrorism in Iraq," where Bmtlpin came the first of which dealt with the position of the League of Arab States of national reconciliation, addressing the second requirement the position of the League of Arab States of terrorism in Iraq.

Finally came the fourth quarter of this research entitled "The Future of the relationship between Iraq and the Arab League after 2003" This chapter was Bembgesan first one titled reality Iraqi-Arab relations and the future, and this was Section Bmtlpin eating the first of them the reality of Arab relations Iraqi (Kuwait, Syria, Egypt ) a model after 2003, addressing the second requirement future of relations between Iraq and Arab countries after 2003, and came second section of Chapter IV entitled "The Reality of diplomatic relations between the Arab League and Iraq and its future after 2003", and this was Section Bmtlpin eating the first two track diplomat, eat second requirement future of relations between the Arab League and Iraq after 2003.

Then came the conclusion to summarize or the findings of the search results, where Iraq has become today has the potential self-qualify

for a return of political actors to its environment Arab, he has the perspective ideological and economic capabilities and diplomatic actors for roles of regional and Arab actors responsible, as if his strategic makes it the focus of attention powers Arab, regional and international, so the Iraqi-Arab relations are evolving.